







Why Consider Season Extension?

- Extend the growing season
- Increase marketing/cropping opportunities
- " Increase revenue per square foot
- " Increase crop quality & yield
- Enhanced environmental control
- " Reduce incidence of plant disease
- " Protection from weather (i.e. frost & hail)
- " Labor efficiency (work regardless of weather)

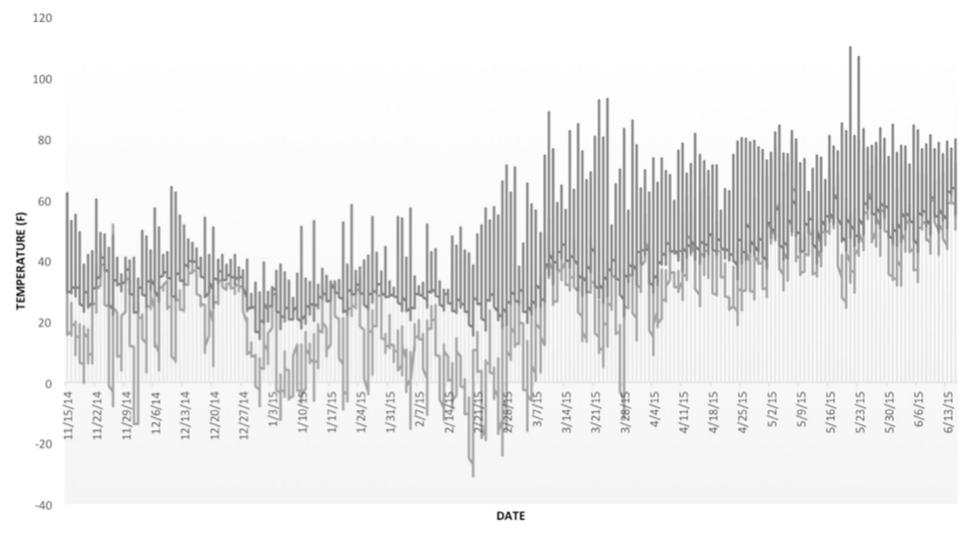








Temperature (F) Hoophouse (covered) vs. Outdoor







Outdoor



Terminology

- " Hoophouse Structure glazed with polyethylene (greenhouse plastic) that is used to extend the growing season
- " High Tunnel Same as hoophouse. Term used to emphasize importance of low tunnel use inside high tunnel
- Greenhouse Typically a more permanent structure, often with supplemental heat









Considerations

How do season extension technologies fit into my overall farm goals?

- What is your ideal ratio of covered to uncovered space?
- " How about movable structures vs. stationary structures?
- Any thoughts on heated vs. unheated structures?
- What percentage of your revenue should come from covered growing spaces?
- What will be the primary type of usage of covered spaces?









Let's Discuss

- 1st Phase: low tunnels and field tunnels
- Znd Phase: High Tunnels/Hoophouses
- Movable Structures
- Systems management
- Crop selection and timing
- Storage Crops/Root Cellaring

















- " Low supports made of wire, conduit, or PVC for fabric or plastic covers
- Offers frost protection in the field or hoophouse
- Serves as a physical pest barrier and offers wind protection
- " Maximizes effect of hoophouse for season extension
- Different types of row cover
- Relatively small investment\$0.136 / Square Foot Cost









- " Cost of materials:
- \$69.00 Quick Hoop bender
- " \$229.00 10' W x 1000' L AG-19 row cover
- \$415.00 1000' of hoops at 5'
 spacing
- \$108.00 Sandbags to secure
 hoops (not necessary in
 hoophouse)
- " \$821.00 Estimated material cost for 6,000 square feet of low tunnels
- " \$0.136 per ft² cost









Row Cover Impact on Greens Production (28 Days of Growth)

Inner	Mizuna		Tatsoi		Salad Mix	
Cover						
	Height	Weight	Height	Weight	Height	Weight
	(inches)	(oz)	(inches)	(oz)	(inches)	(oz)
Plastic	7	5.9	5.5	6.9	4	2.8
Typar	4.75	3.7	4	0	2.5	0
None	2.75	0	4	0	1.75	0







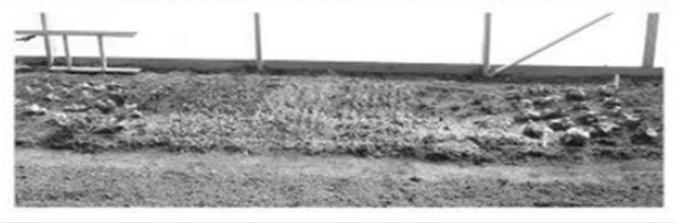
Effects of row covers on plant



6 mil plastic



Typar (nonwoven polypropylene fabric)



No cover



Frost protection versus light transmission					
Product name	Frost protection	Light trans- mission			
Covertan CP-17	4°	90%			
Agribon AG-19 Agrofabric Pro 17	4°	85%			
Covertan CP-30	6°	80%			
Agribon AG-30 Agrofabric Pro 30 Typar T-518	6°	70%			
Agribon AG-50 Agrofabric Pro 50	8°	50%			
Tufbell	10°	95%			



















Field Tunnels









Field Tunnels

- Greater thermal gain and working environment
- Typically uses very basic plastic attachment technology and ventilation
- Often viewed as 3-season structures in area with snow
- Can be bought as kits or bent onfarm
- " Slightly larger investment
 - " $$1.75 \text{ per ft}^2 \text{ cost}$









Field Tunnels

- " Cost of materials (12' x 96'):
- \$59.00 Quick Hoop bender
- \$379.00 Tufflite greenhouse film(24' x 125'
- " \$1078.00 1-3/8" fence post for hoops and purlins
- \$494.00 Hardware and accessories
- " \$2,010 Estimated material cost for 1,152 square feet of field tunnel
- " \$1.75 per ft² cost



















High Tunnels/Hoophouses









High Tunnels/Hoophouses

- Large structures designed for 3-4 season production
- Maximum thermal gain and pleasant working environment
- Varying materials, but generally galvanized steel frame
- " Pre-bent kits or bend-your-own
- " Varying levels of automation
- Larger investment
 - \$2.84+ / Square Foot Cost









Roof Geometry



Quonset



Gable



Cathedral



Gothic

High Tunnels/Hoophouses

- " Cost of materials (12' x 96'):
- " \$89.00 Tools
- " \$1560.00 Frame components
- \$757.00 Greenhouse film and plastic attachment hardware
- " \$400.00 Doors & endwalls
- " \$470.00 Sidewall ventilation
- " \$3276.00 Estimated material cost for 1,152 square feet of covered space
- \$2.84 per ft² cost









High Tunnels/Hoophouses

- Pipe Gauge
 - Lower the gauge, thicker the pipe
 - 14ga is 43% more material than 17ga
- " Pipe Diameter (14ga example):
 - 2.375in OD is 86% more material than 1.315in OD
 - 2.375in OD is 26% more material than 1.9in OD
- Weight in documentation









Management!









Movable Structures









Movable Structures

" Movable

- Allows multiple plots to be covered per year
- " Allows for natural rotations
- " Plant-positive
- " Expensive

Fixed

- Permanent and simple
- " Minimizes weed pressure
- Easier access to utilities
- " Limits rotations









Movable Structures

Benefits of Movables:

- Multiple "season extensions"
- Enhanced soil management practices
- Diversified and simple crop rotations
- Minimize insect and disease pressure
- " Eliminate high tunnel cooling needs
- Extend market availability
- " "Plant positive" approach

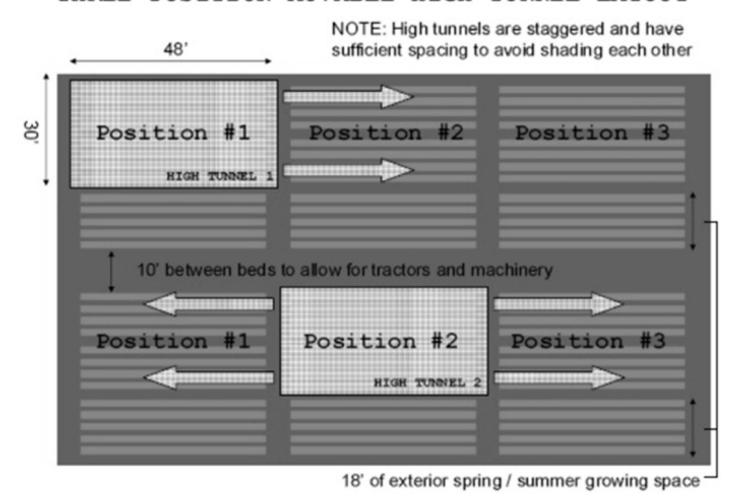








THREE POSITION MOVABLE HIGH TUNNEL LAYOUT



Feb. 1st – Plant and Cover Apr. 15th – Cover Nov. 1st – Cover Fall
Direct Seeded Carrots Transplanted Tomatoes (moved from "warm Sept.

Dec. 1st – Cover Winter house" to ground)

Leeks Planted Late Spring

Crop Selection

- Any crop can be grown in a hoophouse. But should it?
- Select crops based on market value high value growing space.
- Compare apples to apples:
 - . \$/ft²/week
- Look for cold-hardy varieties
- " Cool season crops
 - . Spinach, kale, chard, arugula, lettuces, radish, carrots, beets, Asian greens
- Warm season crops
 - . Tomatoes, peppers, eggplant, cucumbers, ginger, flowers









Crop Selection

- Work backwards from transplant, harvest, etc.
- Successions make use of the valuable space!
- Rotations within a structure
- Rotations with movable structures
- Transplants for outdoor production
- Plant for the season









Crops and Crop Schedules

" Spring

- . First Direct Seeding Date: March 1
- . Carrots, Spinach, Baby Greens
- . 1-3 layers AG-19









Spring Varieties

Lettuce

- Red Skyphos, Refugio, Garrison, Salanovas, Red Tide
- Green Lettony, Winter Density, Salanovas

Greens

- Kales Winterbor, Toscano, Dwarf Green Curled, Red Russian
- . Chard Bright Lights, Ruby Red
- Komatsuna (Carlton), Yukina Savoy, Mizunas, Mustards, Arugula
- Spinach Space, Corvair, Tyee

Roots

- . Carrots Mokum, Nelson
- Turnips Hakurei
- Beets Early Wonder Tall Top
- Radish Celesta, Rover, D'Avignon







Crops and Crop Schedules

" Summer

- . Transplanted May 1
- . Tomatoes, Peppers, Eggplants, Cucumbers, Ginger, Turmeric
- . AG-19 as needed

























Summer Varieties

Tomatoes

- . Cherries Sun Gold, Black Cherry, Indigo Cherry Drop
- . Grape Nova, Five Star
- . Red Slicer Geronimo, Arbason
- Heirloom Red Zebra, Green Zebra, Cherokee Purple, Brandywine, Amish Paste
- " Peppers
 - Islander, Red Knight, Ace, Gourmet, Canary Bell Carmen, Escamillo
- Eggplant
 - . Jaylo, Angela
- Cucumber
 - . Corinto, Socrates, Diva, Tasty Jade







Crops and Crop Schedules

" Fall Baby Greens

- . Overwintered
 - " Final Transplant Date: 11/15
 - " Final Direct Seeding Date: 10/21
- . Winter Harvest
 - " Final Transplant Date: 9/30
 - " Final Direct Seeding Date: 9/7









Winter Varieties

Lettuce

- Red Refugio, Garrison, Salanovas, Dark Red Lollo Rossa, Rouge D'Hiver
- . Green Lettony, Winter Density, Salanovas, Sparx
- Blends Yankee Hardy, DMR Blend

" Greens

- . Kales Winterbor, Toscano, Dwarf Green Curled, Red Russian
- . Chard Bright Lights, Ruby Red
- . Komatsuna (Carlton), Yukina Savoy, Mizunas, Mustards
- Spinach Space, Corvair, Tyee

" Roots

. Carrots – Napoli







Field Overwintered Crops

Onions

- **Bridger**
- . Keepsake
- . Top Keeper
- Quick hoops
 - . AG-19
 - . 4mil poly
 - . \$0.38/sq.ft.
- " Seeded 8/15
- " Transplanted 9/30
- " Harvested -7/3









Field Overwintered Crops











Field Overwintered Crops











Storage Crops

- "Bring in valuable revenue in winter months
- Potential low cost for storage (cellaring)
- " Maintain customer relationships throughout

winter

" Wide range of crops









Crop Types

- Potatoes
- Carrots
- Other Roots
 - " Beets
 - " Parsnips
 - " Radish
 - " Rutabaga
 - " Turnip
- " Brassicas
 - Cabbage
 - " Brussels Sprouts

Alliums

- " Garlic
- Onions
- " Leeks
- " Cucurbits
 - Winter Squash
 - " Pumpkins









Crop Types

Cold and Very Wet (32-40F/0-4C; 90-95% RH)

- Roots Beets, Parsnips, Radish, Rutabaga
- " Leeks
- Cabbage
- Brussels Sprouts
- Kohlrabi
- Celeriac

Cool and Wet (38-42F/3-5C; 90-95% RH)

- " Potatoes
- " Apples

Cold and Dry (32-35F/0-3C; 60-70% RH)

- Onions
- " Garlic
- " Popcorn

Warm and Dry (50-55F/10-13C; 60-75% RH)

- " Winter Squash
- " Pumpkins



Cold Cellar

- " 20' x 40' buried concrete cellar
- " Built in 1913
- " Maintains summer temp 50F/10C
- Coldest winter temp 34F/1C
- "Fall cooling use two CoolBot systems (minimal effect)
 - . Limited ability to cool in fall











Our Method

- Depending on labor, items can be stored washed or dirty
- " If dirty stored in clean bins, wrapped with plastic as necessary
- If clean stored in lined bins with peat/burlap or in clean, wrapped bins









Storage Crop Varieties

- "Onions Pontiac, Patterson, Redwing, Zebrune(s), Camelot(s)
- " Carrots Bolero, Purple Haze, Yellow Sun
- **Beets** Red Ace, Chioggia, Touchstone Gold
- Cabbage Storage No. 4, Ruby Perfection, Mammoth Red Rock
- Parsnips Albion
- " Rutabaga Helenor, Laurentien
- Potatoes Reba, Strawberry Paw, Canela, Yukon Gem, Peter Wilcox, Red Gold, Banana (f), Magic Molly (f), French Fingerling (f)



Questions?

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